

Hash Tables

An Advanced Introduction to Unix/C Programming



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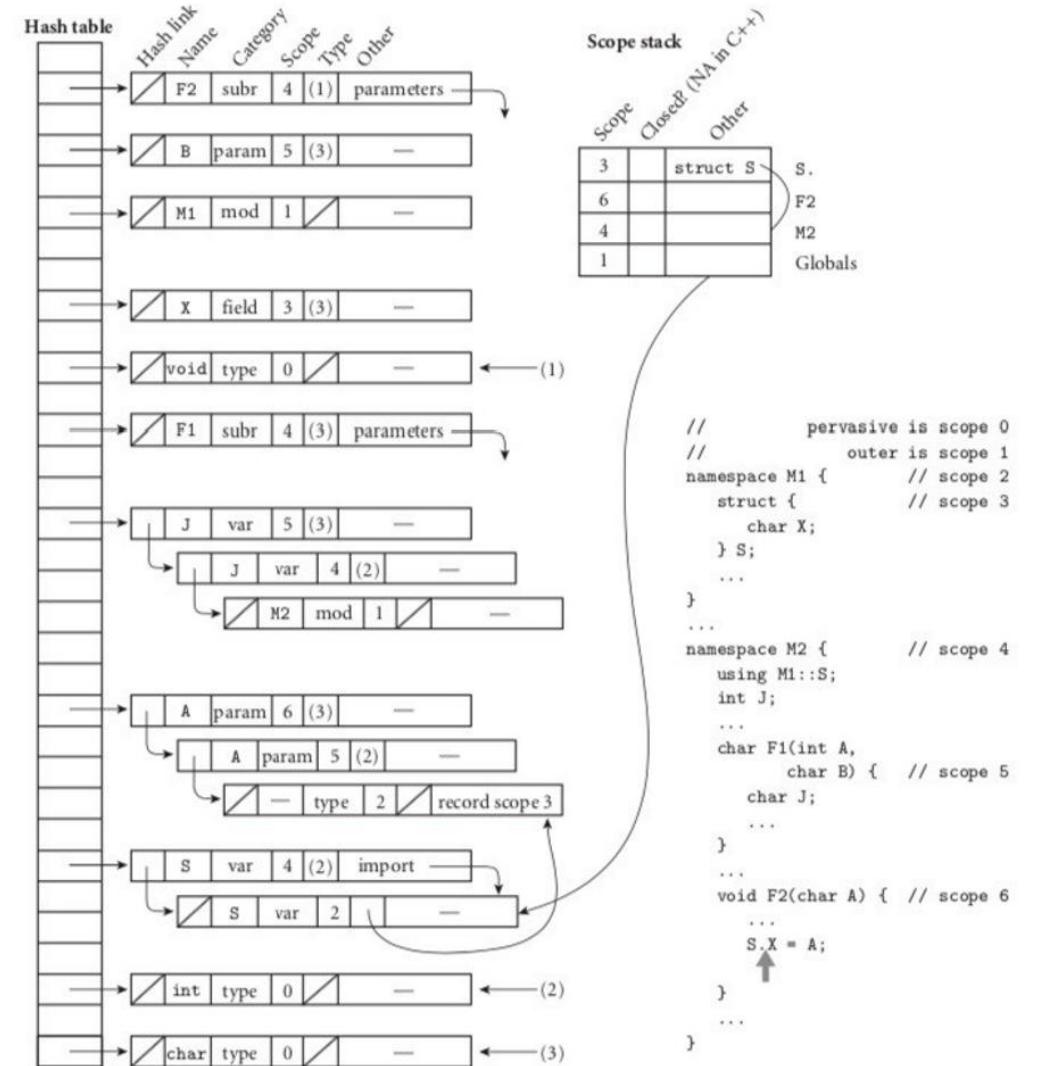


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Symbol Table Implementation - Example

- In a language with static scoping, the compiler uses an **insert operation** to place a name-to-entity binding into the symbol table for each newly encountered declaration
- When it encounters the use of a name that should already have been declared, the compiler uses a **lookup operation** to search for an existing binding
- Most compilers never delete anything from the symbol table. Instead, they manage visibility using **enter scope** and **leave scope** operations.
- Usually implemented as hash tables
- Return closest lexical declaration to handle nested lexical scoping



Symbol Tables

You are a compiler writer and you are assigned to create the symbol table to store the identifiers, subroutines, and parameters found in a program.

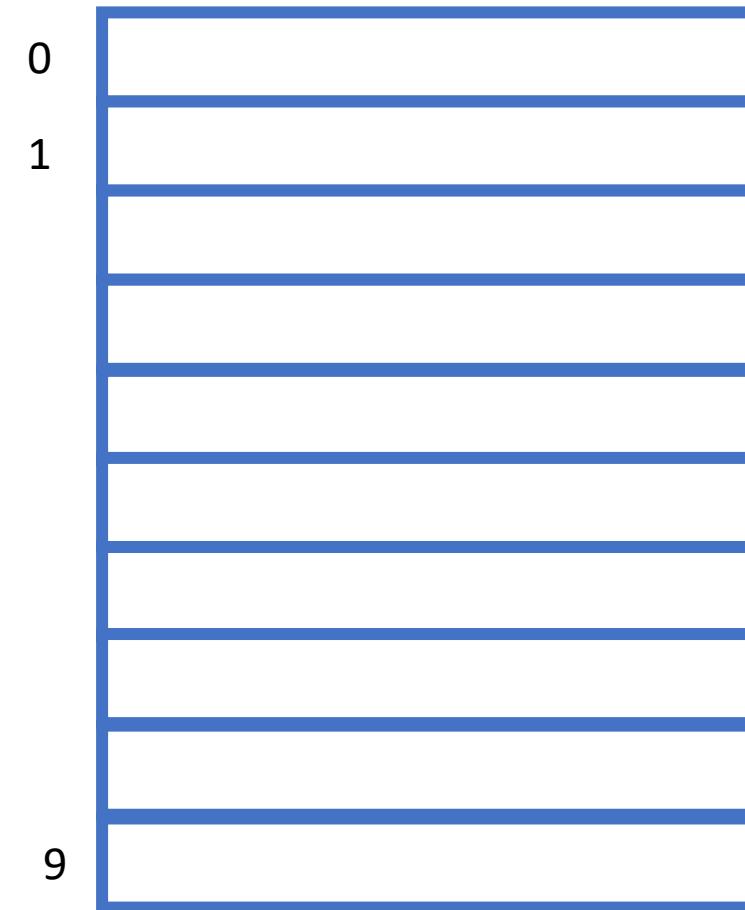
How would you store the symbol with their attributes?

What data structure could you use?

Hash Table

A hash table is fixed size array.

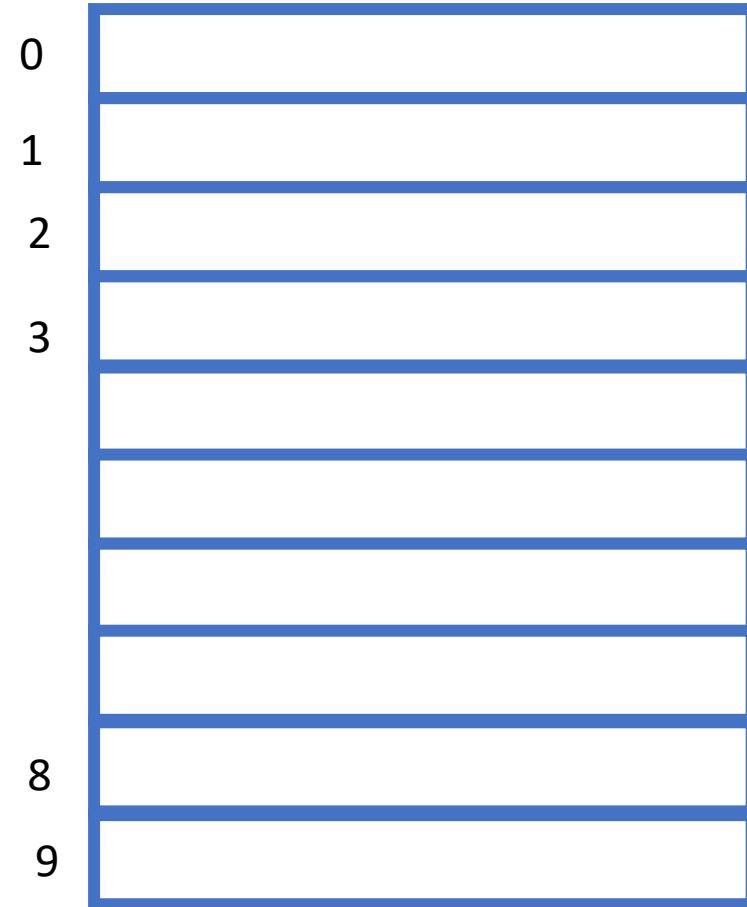
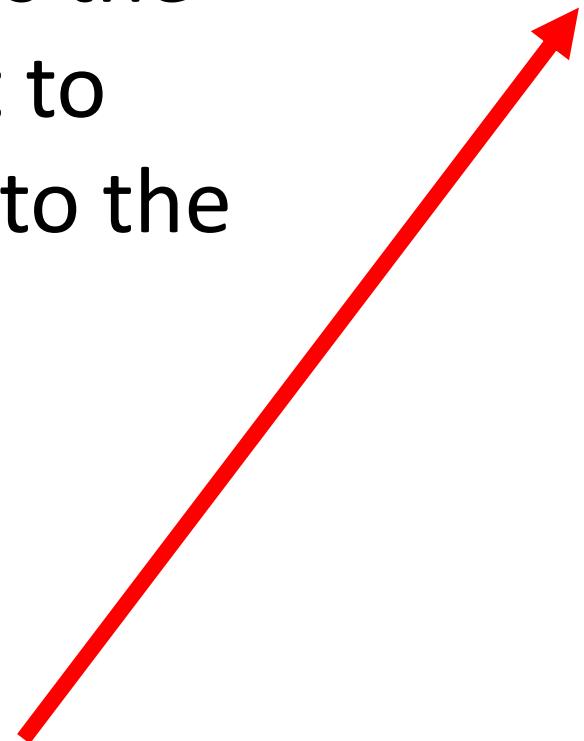
You use a hash function to compute the index into the hash table array.



Hash table of fixed size 10.

Hash Function

A hash function takes the identifier and uses it to compute an index into the hash table.



Hash table of fixed size 10.

```
index_into_hash_table = hash_function("identifier_token");
```

Hash Function

```
int hash_function(char *name)
{
    int    hash_index;
    int    i;

    hash_index = 0;
    for (i=0; i<strlen(name); i++)
        hash_index = (hash_index*23) + name[i];
    hash_index = hash_index % MAX_HASH_TABLE_SIZE;

    return(hash_index);
}
```

Hash Table

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <string.h>

#define MAX_HASH_TABLE_SIZE 100

struct node {
    char function_name[62];
    int calls_count;
    char calls[30][62];
} hash_table[MAX_HASH_TABLE_SIZE];
```

Insert Data Into Hash Table

```
int insert(int count, ...)  
{  
    int hash_index;  
    int i;  
    char function_name[62];  
    va_list vlist;  
  
    va_start(vlist, count);  
  
    strcpy(function_name, va_arg(vlist, char*));  
  
    hash_index = hash_function(function_name);  
  
    strcpy(hash_table[hash_index].function_name,  
          function_name);  
  
    hash_table[hash_index].calls_count = count-1;  
  
    for (i=0; i<count-1; i++)  
        strcpy(hash_table[hash_index].calls[i], va_arg(vlist, char*));  
  
    printf("Insert(): Function %s (hash index = %d):\n",  
          function_name, hash_index);  
  
    for (i=0; i<count-1; i++)  
        printf("\t\tCalls: %s\n", hash_table[hash_index].calls[i]);  
    printf("\n");  
  
    va_end(vlist);  
}
```

Select From Hash Table / Main Program

```
int select(char *function_name)
{
    int hash_index = hash_function(function_name);

    printf("Select(): Function %s (hash_index = %d):\n",
           function_name, hash_index);

    for (int i=0; i<hash_table[hash_index].calls_count; i++)
        printf("\t\tCalls: %s\n", hash_table[hash_index].calls[i]);
    printf("\n");
}
```

```
int main()
{
    insert(4, "main", "one", "two", "three");
    insert(3, "one", "one_one", "one_two");
    insert(1, "two");
    insert(2, "three", "three_one");

    select("main");
    select("three");
}
```

Select From Hash Table / Main Program

```
john@oho:~$ gcc hash.c; a.out
```

Insert(): Function main (hash index = 41):

Calls: one

Calls: two

Calls: three

Insert(): Function one (hash index = 50):

Calls: one_one

Calls: one_two

Insert(): Function two (hash index = 12):

Insert(): Function three (hash index = 54):

Calls: three_one

Select(): Function main (hash_index = 41):

Calls: one

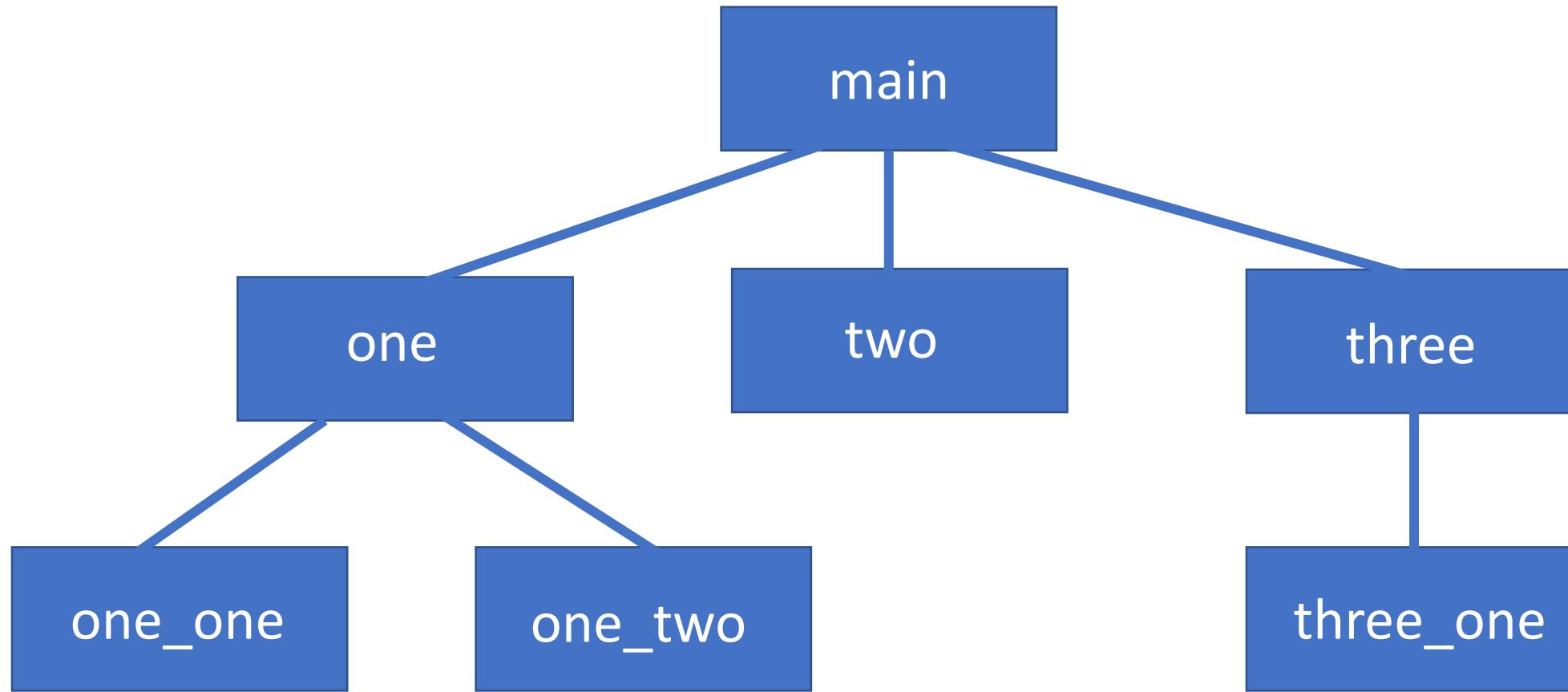
Calls: two

Calls: three

Select(): Function three (hash_index = 54):

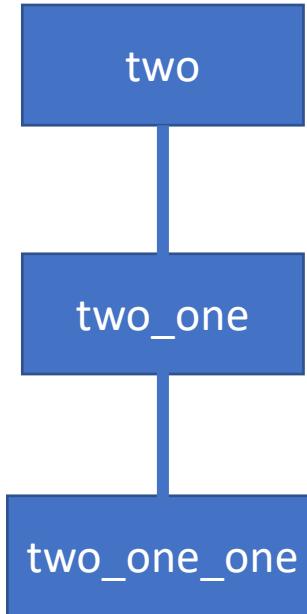
Calls: three_one

Hash Table Represents Calling Structure

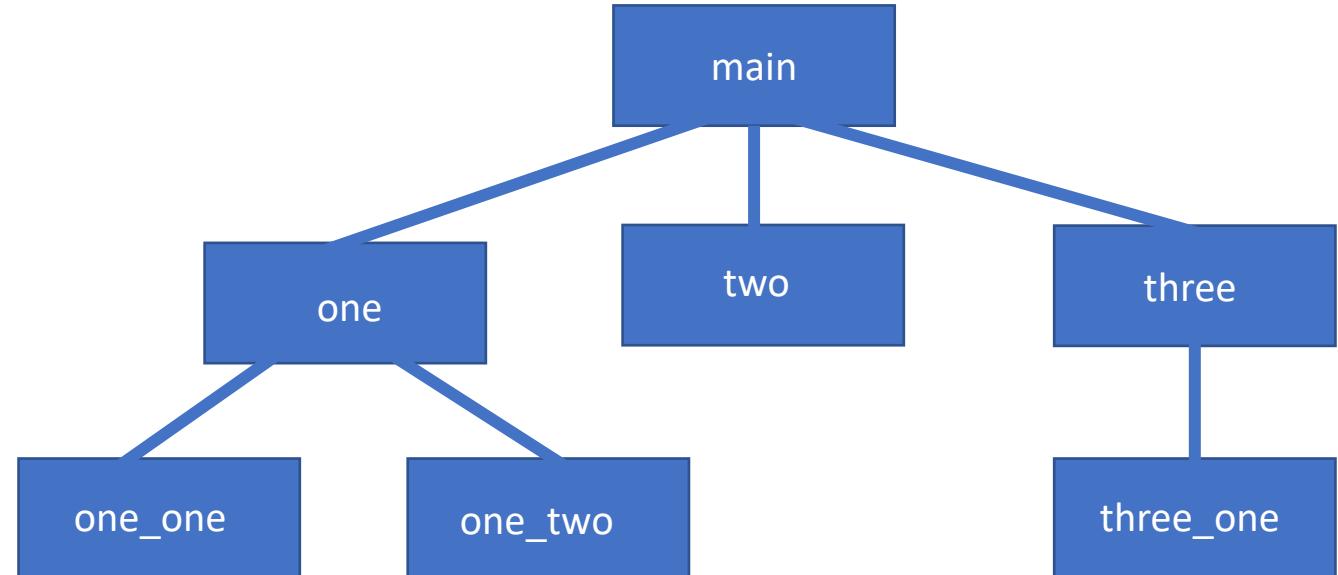


Hash Table Represents Calling Structure

Viewpath: /home/john/ABC_Working_Dir /home/baselines/Project_ABC



ABC_Working_Directory Hash Table: 100 Entries

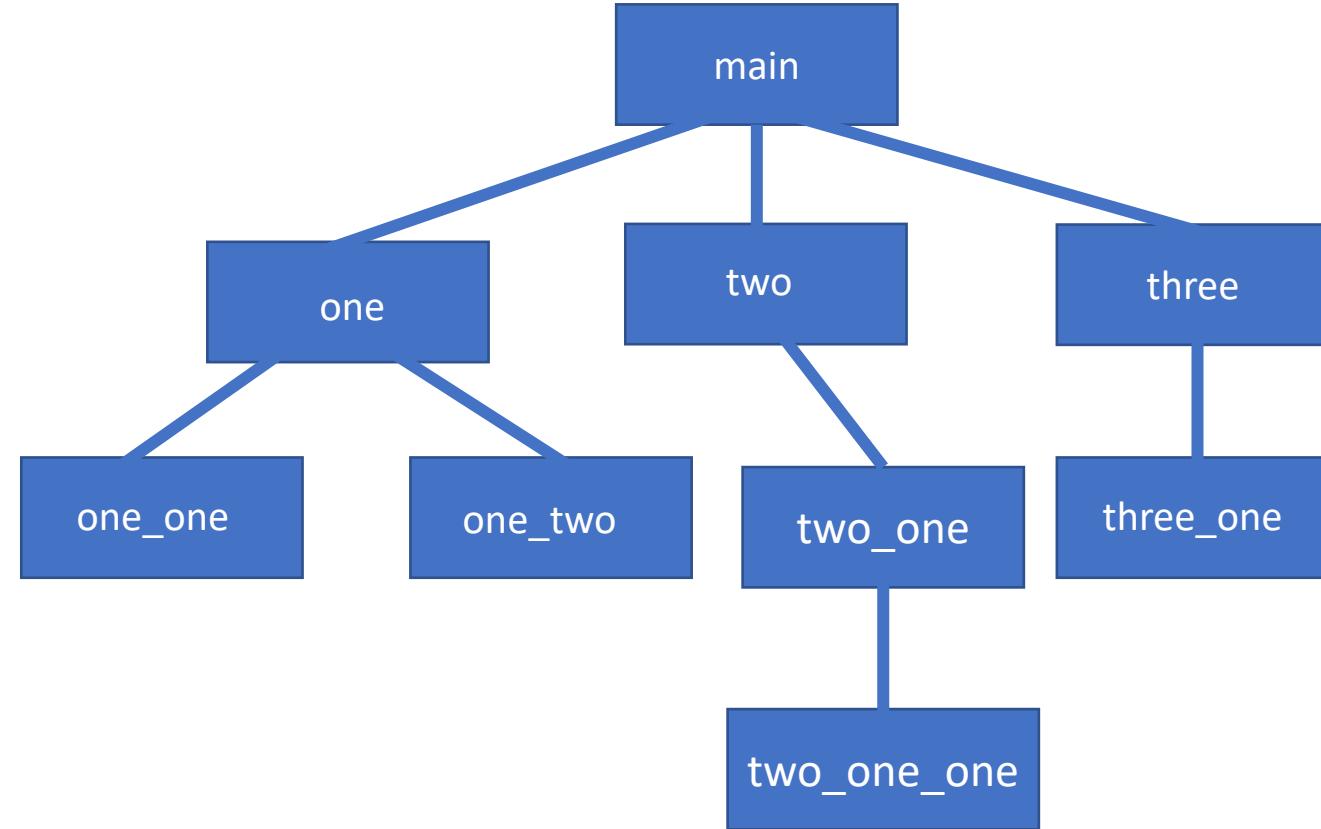


Project_ABC Hash Table: 500 Entries

Hash Table Represents Calling Structure

Viewpath: /home/john/ABC_Working_Dir /home/baselines/Project_ABC

**View from
/home/john/ABC_Working_Dir**



Why Do This?

Supports:

Automated Configuration Management

Software Reusability

Unit and Regression Testing

Requirement Tracking

User Workspaces

and much more!

